like a wedge towards the current, but is on the opposite side a little convex; below it, the eddy, produced by the reunion of the divided water, has thrown up a large bed of sand, on which grows a large willow, that flourishes extremely. The gateway, on the Tassisudon side, is a lofty square stone building, with projecting balconies near the top, bordered by a breastwork, and pierced with a portcullis. The span of the first Bridge, which occupies two thirds of the breadth of the river, measures one hundred and twelve feet: it consists of three parts, two sides and a centre, nearly equal to each other; the sides having a considerable slope, raise the elevation of the centre platform, which is horizontal, some feet above the floor of the gateways. A quadruple row of timbers, their ends being set in the masonry of the bank and pier, supports the sides; the centre part is laid from one side to the other. The beams and planks are both of hewn fir; and they are pinned together by large wooden pegs. This is all the fastening I could observe; it is secured by a neat light rail. The Bridge, from the pier to the hill, is horizontal, and the beams rest on the pier, and on a triple row of timbers let into the bank: it has a penthouse