which may be mentioned the Bridge of Neuilly, built by M. Perronet, over the Seine, on the alignment of the great avenue of the Champs Elysées, in front of the Palace of the Tuilleries. This Bridge, which is level at top, consists of five equal arcs of one hundred and twenty-eight feet in span, by thirty two feet rise. The arcs are oval, composed of eleven arcs of circles of different diameters; thus the upper portion of the arc was formed with a circle of one hundred and sixty feet radius, which, by its settlement during the building, and after the striking of the ccintres, was flattened, till it became an arc of a circle of two hundred and fifty-nine feet radius, differing so little from a platband, that, as Perronet observes, the rise of the curve, in a length of thirty-three feet, amounted only to six inches nine lines. The piers are fourteen feet wide, and the breadth of the Bridge is forty-eight feet. It was begun in the year one thousand seven hundred and sixty-eight, and finished in the year one thousand seven hundred and eighty.*

* Rees's new Cyclopædia.