THE NATURAL BRIDGE,

in the county of Lee, Virginia, is a great curiosity. This Bridge is one hundred and thirty-four feet higher than the one just described, being three hundred and thirty-nine feet in perpendicular height. Its summit projects eighty-seven feet over its base; it fronts to the south-west, and is arched as regularly as could be by the hands of art. The arc in front is about two hundred feet high, and slopes off to sixty feet, at the distance of one hundred and six feet from the entrance. From its mouth, in a straight direction, it measures four hundred and six feet; thence at right angles three hundred feet; thence crossing the second line at eighty feet from the wall to the other end, three hundred and forty feet. The roof is regularly arched, and gradually descends to eighteen feet, which is the lowest part at the intersection of the second angle; it then rises to twenty, thirty, forty, and seventy-five feet, which is the height of the north-east entrance. The stream of the water which runs under this Bridge is from thirty-five to fifty-five feet wide, at its com-